

GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS • WAKULLA COUNTY, FLORIDA • NOVEMBER 03, 2020

PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT
(Vote for One)

Donald J. Trump Michael R. Pence REP

Joseph R. Biden Kamala D. Harris DEM

Jo Jorgenson Jeremy "Spike" Cohen LPF

Roque "Rocky" De La Fuente Darcy G. Richardson REF

Gloria La Riva Sunil Freeman PSL

Howie Hawkins Angela Nicole Walker GRE

Don Blankenship William Mohr CFP

Write-in _____

US REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, D-2
(Vote for One)

Neal Dunn REP

Write-in _____

STATE SENATOR, DISTRICT 3
(Vote for One)

Marva Harris Preston REP

Loranne Ausley DEM

STATE REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT 7
(Vote for One)

Jason Shoaf REP

Taymour Khan DEM

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Shall Judge Carlos G. Muñiz of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Joseph Lewis Jr. of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Scott Makar of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Rachel Nordby of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Tim Osterhaus of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Clay Roberts of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

Shall Judge Adam T. Tanenbaum of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

CIRCUIT JUDGE, 2ND CIRCUIT, GROUP 4
(Vote for One)

Tiffany Baker NON

Amanda P. Wall NON

COUNTY COMMISSION DISTRICT 3
(Vote for One)

Mike Kemp NON

Valerie Russell NON

COUNTY COMMISSION DISTRICT 5
(Vote for One)

Greg Diehl NON

Chuck Hess NON

No. 1
Constitutional Amendment
Article VI, Section 2

Citizenship Requirement to Vote in Florida Elections

This amendment provides that only United States Citizens who are at least eighteen years of age, a permanent resident of Florida, and registered to vote, as provided by law, shall be qualified to vote in a Florida election. Because the proposed amendment is not expected to result in any changes to the voter registration process in Florida, it will have no impact on state or local government costs or revenue. Further, it will have no effect on the state's economy.

YES

NO

No. 2
Constitutional Amendment
Article X, Section 24

Raising Florida's Minimum Wage

Raises minimum wage to \$10.00 per hour effective September 30th, 2021. Each September 30th thereafter, minimum wage shall increase by \$1.00 per hour until the minimum wage reaches \$15.00 per hour on September 30th, 2026. From that point forward, future minimum wage increases shall revert to being adjusted annually for inflation starting September 30th, 2027. State and local government costs will increase to comply with the new minimum wage levels. Additional annual wage costs will be approximately \$16 million in 2022, increasing to about \$540 million in 2027 and thereafter. Government actions to mitigate these costs are unlikely to produce material savings. Other government costs and revenue impacts, both positive and negative, are not quantifiable.

YES

NO

THIS PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT IS ESTIMATED TO HAVE A NET NEGATIVE IMPACT ON THE STATE BUDGET. THIS IMPACT MAY RESULT IN HIGHER TAXES OR A LOSS OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN A BALANCED STATE BUDGET AS REQUIRED BY THE CONSTITUTION.

YES

NO

No. 3
Constitutional Amendment
Article VI, Section 5

All Voters Vote in Primary Elections for State Legislature, Governor, and Cabinet

Allows all registered voters to vote in primaries for state legislature, governor, and cabinet regardless of political party affiliation. All candidates, including party nominated candidates, appear on the same primary ballot. Two highest vote getters advance to general election. If only two candidates qualify, no primary is held and winner is determined in general election. Candidate's party affiliation may appear on ballot as provided by law. Effective January 1, 2024.

YES

NO

No. 4
Constitutional Amendment
Article XI, Section 5 and 7

Voter Approval of Constitutional Amendments

Requires all proposed amendments or revisions to the state constitution to be approved by the voters in two elections, instead of one, in order to take effect. The proposal applies the current thresholds for passage to each of the two elections. It is probable that the proposed amendment will result in additional state and local government costs to conduct elections in Florida. Overall, these costs will vary from election cycle to election cycle depending on the unique circumstances of each ballot and cannot be estimated at this time. The

YES

NO

key factors determining cost include the number of amendments appearing for the second time on each ballot and the length of those amendments. Since the maximum state cost is likely less than \$1 million per cycle but the impact cannot be discretely quantified, the change to the state's budget is unknown. Similarly, the economic impact cannot be modeled, although the spending increase is expected to be below the threshold that would produce a statewide economic impact. Because there are no revenues linked to voting in Florida, there will be no impact on government taxes or fees.

THE FINANCIAL IMPACT OF THIS AMENDMENT CANNOT BE DETERMINED DUE TO AMBIGUITIES AND UNCERTAINTIES SURROUNDING THE AMENDMENT'S IMPACT.

YES

NO

No. 5
Constitutional Amendment
Article VII, Section 4 and Article XII

Limitations on Homestead Property Tax Assessments; increased portability period to transfer accrued benefit.

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, effective January 1, 2021, to increase, from 2 years to 3 years, the period of time during which accrued Save-Our-Homes benefits may be transferred from a prior homestead to a new homestead.

YES

NO

No. 6
Constitutional Amendment
Article VII, Section 6 and Article XII

Ad Valorem Tax Discount for Spouses of Certain Deceased Veterans Who Had Permanent, Combat-Related Disabilities

Provides that the homestead property tax discount for certain veterans with permanent combat-related disabilities carries over to such veteran's surviving spouse who holds legal or beneficial title to, and who permanently resided on, the homestead property, until he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes of the property. The discount may be transferred to a new homestead property of the surviving spouse under certain conditions. The amendment takes effect January 1, 2021

YES

NO

ELECTION DAY
NOVEMBER 3rd
POLLS OPEN
7:00 A.M. - 7:00 P.M.